

ERASMUS+ ÖĞRENCİ DEĞİŞİMİ PROGRAMI YABANCI DİL YETERLIK SINAVLARI HAKKINDA BİLGİLENDİRME

Yabancı Dil Yeterlik Sınavları iki aşamalı olarak gerçekleştirilmektedir. Öğrenciler CEFR B1/B2 seviyesine uygun sorular kullanılarak değerlendirilir. Birinci aşama kelime ve dil bilgisi ağırlıklı çoktan seçmeli test şeklinde uygulanmaktadır. Birinci aşama sınavından **50 puan** ve üzeri alan öğrenciler ikinci aşama sınava girmeye hak kazanırlar.

Birinci aşama örnek sorular:

The mourners walked from his graveside in the pouring rain. It was a very sad occasion.

- A) solemnly
- B) joyfully
- C) gradually
- D) mercilessly

If the data ___ correctly, the results will be inaccurate.

- A) is not entered
- B) don't enter
- C) not entered
- D) aren't entering

Dil sınavının ikinci aşaması dil becerilerini ölçmek amaçlı 4 bölümden oluşur. Okuma, yazma, konuşma ve dinleme olarak dört ayrı oturumda uygulanır. Okuma ve dinleme sınavları **20-25 soruluk** çoktan seçmeli test şeklinde uygulanır. Yazma bölümünde öğrencilerden verilecek konuya ilgili bir “essay” yazmaları istenir. Konuşma bölümünde ise öğrencinin dilsel iletişim ve üretme becerileri test edilir. Konuşma ve yazma sınavları iki değerlendirici

tarafından değerlendirilir. Öğrenciler her beceri için 100 puan üzerinden değerlendirilir ve tüm beceri sınavlarının ortalaması öğrencinin nihai puanını belirler.

İkinci aşama örnek sorular:

Okuma (Reading)

Answer the following questions (1-4) according to the passage.

What was the most important invention or discovery in human history? The answer to the question is apparently a matter of dispute. The invention of the wheel, the discovery of America or the invention of the internet, all may be the leading outcomes in the human history, but the discovery of fire, or, more precisely, the controlled use of fire was one of the most important human discoveries. Fire's purposes are multiple, some of which are to add light and heat, to cook plants and animals, to clear forests or planting, to heat-treat stone for making stone tools, to defeat an enemy, to run devices and the list goes on. The earliest evidence for controlled use of fire is at the Lower Paleolithic site of Gesher Benot Ya'aqov in Israel, where charred wood and seeds were recovered from a site dated 790,000 years ago. Without fire, man would never have been able to create civilizations and survive on the planet in that fire is as fundamental as water or food. The use of fire is one of the main differences of what makes man distinct from other organisms.

1. According to the writer, fire, compared to other inventions or discoveries, _____.

- A) is the most contributive discovery ever in history
- B) had been used for just one purpose by the ancient man
- C) is the most dangerous invention
- D) did not help shaping civilizations
- E) cannot be considered as crucial for human as water and food

2. It is clear from the passage that the uses of fire _____.

- A) are extremely difficult to identify in that there is a rather long list
- B) are limited to several issues such as providing light and heat and cooking food
- C) have been a matter of dispute since it was invented by man
- D) are numerous which involve basic needs, defense against threats and functioning devices
- E) could only be dated back to civilizations having lived 790,000 years ago

3. We learn from the passage the most contributing invention or finding in human history _____.

- A) has not been universally accepted now that there are different views on this matter
- B) has been the invention of the wheel, as well as the invention of the internet
- C) surely has not been identified yet, but the prime candidate is the use of wheel
- D) would be accepted as the invention of the wheel, if it had not been for the discovery of fire
- E) must have been achieved after the discovery of fire

4. We are given the information in the paragraph that from the recovery of charred wood and seeds _____.

- A) we can understand the multiple purposes of fire for ancient man
- B) traces of fire use were revealed by some excavations in Israel
- C) a controversy has aroused among historians regarding leading discoveries
- D) fire has been accepted as the most crucial discovery in human history
- E) we can understand that the discovery of fire has been completely a mistake

Writing (Yazma)

You are expected to write an opinion essay (200-250 words) choosing one of the topics given. Your essays should meet the requirements (punctuation, grammar, organization, language etc.) of an opinion essay. A sample topic is here:

“Some people believe that artificial intelligence will have a positive impact on our lives in the near future.” Do you agree or disagree? What is your opinion? Support your opinion with specific reasons and details.

Listening (Dinleme)

You listen to **3-4 audios** twice and answer the questions accordingly. The exam is a multiple-choice test.

Speaking (Konuşma)

You are asked two questions and expected you to speak **3-5 minutes**. A sample question set is here:

1- Can you tell us about one animal or plant that you find interesting or important? Why do you like it, and what makes it special?

2- There are millions of animal and plant species in the world. Do you think it is a problem if some of them become extinct? Why or why not? Give one or more reasons and support your reasons with some facts and examples.